

What happens if you do not pay on time?

Veldhoven municipality has a strict policy when it comes to paying taxes. The activities related to this are called collection. The dates due are listed on the municipal tax assessment. This is what happens if you do not pay on time:

1. Exhortation (Aanmaning)

If you do not pay on time, you will receive a warning letter. This is a letter explaining your payment arrears. Through this reminder, you can still pay within 14 days from the date of the reminder. The reminder will incur extra costs. You will also have to pay these extra costs. The costs of an exhortation are € 9,- for an unpaid amount up to € 454,-. For an unpaid amount above € 454,- the cost of the exhortation is € 19,-.

2. Writ (Dwangbevel)

If you have not paid the amount within 14 days from the date of the demand letter, a writ will be sent. This is a letter containing an order to pay. A writ also involves extra costs, which you have to pay. The costs are at least € 49. The higher the arrears, the higher the extra costs for the writ.

3. Bailiff (Deurwaarder)

If the municipality has sent a writ, the duties are taken over by a bailiff. For Veldhoven municipality, this is the bailiff:

Cannock Chase Public

Postbus 103

6650 AC DRUTEN

telephone: 0487 – 515 123

From the moment a writ is sent, all contacts and payments go via Cannock Chase Public. In this final stage of debt collection, you can no longer pay to the bank account of Veldhoven municipality. Once the writ has been handed to you, you can pay to the bailiff within two days or make payment arrangements with them.

4. Seizing your property (In beslag nemen van uw bezit)

If you still do not pay after the restraining order, the bailiff will use other measures to force you to pay the arrears. These may include seizing items you own (furniture or belongings in your home, your car), your wages or benefits and if necessary on real estate (your house, the land).

5. Selling your property (Verkoop van uw bezit)

If you have not paid after your property has been seized, the tax bailiff may proceed to sell seized property. From the proceeds of the sale, the tax debt will be paid, with additional costs added.